

This 2010 Female Neon Motley Snow is now 23" long and eating frozen/thawed, large fuzzy mice. She has superior green and pink coloration that will deepen with maturity. Since I have never had one this deeply colored, I have no idea how she will look as an adult, but all such compound mutants dramatically saturate colors with maturity. Of course, she is homozygous for Snow (Amel & Anery), Motley, and Strawberry (aka: Red Mask Gene), in addition to the selectively bred polygenic trait modifications from the Neon line, originated by Stephen Wagner from selective variants of Lloyd Lemke's Bubblegum Snows.

Glossary Term Hyperlinks:

aerobic allele amelanistic anerythrism anomaly anterior atypical axanthic Bechtel, Dr. H. Bernard brumation Carl Kauffeld carotene carotenoid Celcius chromatophore chromosome cloaca codominant colubrid compound conjunct contiguous cryptosis disjunct diurnal DNA dominant dorsal dysecdysis ecdysis ectothermic embryo embryogenic empirical epidermis erythrism erythrophore F¹ Fahrenheit genotype gene genotype gravid guarantee hatchling herpetoculture heritable heredity herpetology heterozygous homozygous Hume hybrid hyper hypomelanistic hypo integument intergrade iridiophore lateral leucism line-breeding locus marker melanin melanophore melanosome Mendelian morph mutation neonate nominate novel ontogenetic out-cross pathogen phenotype pinky polygenic progeny punnett recessive respire rheostat selective variation SMR taxonomy thermoregulation thermostat trait ventral ventral keel wild-type xanthin xanthophore yearling

Morph Hyperlinks:

Amber Amel Motley Amel Anery Anery Motley Banded